**IN THE CLAIMS:** 

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): An inverter device for a liquid crystal display,

comprising:

a transformer for receiving an inverter drive voltage, converting the received drive

voltage into an AC lamp drive voltage and supplying the AC lamp drive voltage to a high

path of one of a plurality of a backlight lamps lamp;

a low path switching part selectively connecting low paths of the plurality of

backlight lamps connecting or disconnecting a low path of the backlight lamp with a

ground voltage source in response to an external inverter ON/OFF signal; and

a shutdown circuit for receiving a voltage input through the low paths path of the

plurality of backlight lamps lamp to monitor for a malfunction of the one of the plurality

of backlight lamps lamp in response to an external shutdown ON/OFF signal.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 1, wherein the low path

switching part includes:

a first driver selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low paths path

of the plurality of backlight lamps lamp in response to the inverter ON/OFF signal; and

a first switching part connecting the low paths path of the plurality of backlight

lamps lamp to the ground voltage source in response to an output signal of the first

driver.

Claim 3 (Original): The device according to claim 2, the first driver includes:

a first switch being switched in response to the inverter ON/OFF signal; and

a second switch supplying the inverter drive voltage to the first switching part in

response to a state of the first switch.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 3, wherein the first

switching part includes:

first and second field effect transistors connected in series between the low paths

path of the plurality of backlight lamps and lamp to the ground voltage source for

connecting the low paths of the plurality of backlight lamps path of the backlight lamp to

the ground voltage source in response to an output signal of the second switch; and

a resistor connected between the low paths of the plurality of path of the backlight

lamps lamp and the first field effect transistor.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 1, wherein the shutdown

circuit includes:

a second driver selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low paths of

the plurality of backlight lamps path of the backlight lamp in response to the shutdown

ON/OFF signal;

a second switching part providing one of an enabling and disabling shutdown

function for monitoring for the presence or absence of a malfunction of the plurality of

backlight lamps lamp in response to an output signal of the second driver; and

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an error amplifier monitoring for the presence or absence of a malfunction of the

plurality of backlight lamps lamp when the shutdown function is enabled by the second

switching part.

Claim 6 (Original): The device according to claim 5, wherein the second driver includes:

a third switch being switched in response to the shutdown ON/OFF signal; and

a fourth switch supplying the inverter drive voltage to the second switching part

in response to a state of the third switch.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 6, wherein the second

switching part includes:

third and fourth field effect transistors connected in series between the low paths

of the plurality of backlight lamps and path of the backlight lamp to the ground voltage

source for connecting the low paths of the plurality of backlight lamps path of the

backlight lamp to the ground voltage source in response to an output signal of the fourth

switch; and

a resistor connected between the low paths of the plurality of path of the backlight

lamps lamp and the third field effect transistor.

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Claim 8 (Original): The device according to claim 7, wherein the second switching part

includes:

a first capacitor connected between a drain terminal of the third field effect

transistor and a drain terminal of the fourth field effect transistor; and

a second capacitor connected between the drain terminal of the fourth field effect

transistor and the ground voltage source.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): A backlight lamp monitoring device for a liquid crystal

display, comprising:

a plurality of backlight lamps; and

a plurality of inverters, each receiving an inverter drive voltage, converting the

received drive voltage into an AC lamp drive voltage, and supplying the AC lamp drive

voltage to a high path of each of the backlight lamps,

wherein the inverters selectively connect or disconnect a low path of each of the

backlight lamps with a ground voltage source in response to an external inverter ON/OFF

signal, and the inverters receive a voltage input through the low path of the backlight

lamp lamps to perform a shutdown function for monitoring for the presence or absence of

a malfunction of each of the backlight lamp lamps in response to an external shutdown

ON/OFF signal.

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Claim 10 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 9, wherein each of the inverters includes:

a transformer for receiving the inverter drive voltage (Vin), converting the received drive voltage into the AC lamp drive voltage, and supplying the AC lamp drive voltage to the high path of one of the backlight lamp lamps;

a low path switching part for selectively connecting the low path of one of the backlight lamp lamps with the ground voltage source in response to the external inverter ON/OFF signal; and

a shutdown circuit for receiving the voltage input through the low path of one of the backlight lamp lamps to monitor for the presence or absence of a malfunction of one of the backlight lamp lamps in response to the external shutdown ON/OFF signal.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 10, wherein the low path switching part includes:

a first driver for selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low path of one of the backlight lamp lamps in response to the inverter ON/OFF signal; and

a first switching part for connecting the low path of one of the backlight lamp lamps to the ground voltage source in response to an output signal of the first driver.

Claim 12 (Original): The device according to claim 11, wherein the first driver includes:

a first switch being switched in response to the inverter ON/OFF signal; and

a second switch for supplying the inverter drive voltage to the first switching part

in response to a state of the first switch.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 12, wherein the first

switching part includes:

first and second field effect transistors connected in series between the low path

of one of the backlight lamp lamps and the ground voltage source for connecting the low

path of one of the backlight lamp lamps to the ground voltage source in response to an

output signal of the second switch; and

a resistor connected between the low path of one of the backlight lamp lamps and

the first field effect transistor.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 10, wherein the

shutdown circuit includes:

a second driver for selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low path

of one of the backlight lamp lamps in response to the shutdown ON/OFF signal;

a second switching part for providing one of an enabling and disabling shutdown

function for monitoring for the presence or absence of a malfunction of one of the

backlight lamp lamps in response to an output signal of the second driver; and

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an error amplifier for monitoring for the presence or absence of a malfunction of

one of the backlight lamp lamps when the shutdown function is enabled by the second

switching part.

Claim 15 (Original): The device according to claim 14, wherein the second driver

includes:

a third switch being switched in response to the shutdown ON/OFF signal; and

a fourth switch for supplying the inverter drive voltage to the second switching

part in response to a state of the third switch.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): The device according to claim 15, wherein the second

switching part includes:

third and fourth field effect transistors connected in series between the low path of

one of the backlight lamp lamps and the ground voltage source for connecting the low

path of one of the backlight lamp lamps to the ground voltage source in response to an

output signal of the fourth switch; and

a resistor connected between the low path of one of the backlight lamp lamps and

the third field effect transistor.

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Claim 17 (Original): The device according to claim 16, wherein the second switching part includes:

a first capacitor connected between a drain terminal of the third field effect transistor and a drain terminal of the fourth field effect transistor; and a second capacitor connected between the drain terminal of the fourth field effect transistor and the ground voltage source.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended): A method for monitoring backlight lamps of a liquid crystal display, comprising:

receiving an inverter drive voltage, converting the received drive voltage into an AC lamp drive voltage and supplying the AC lamp drive voltage to a high path of one of the backlight lamps;

selectively connecting or disconnecting a low path of each of the backlight lamps with a ground voltage source in response to an external inverter ON/OFF signal; and

receiving a voltage input through the low path of the one of the backlight lamps to monitor for a malfunction of the one of the backlight lamps in response to an external shutdown ON/OFF signal.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 18, wherein the step of selectively connecting a low path includes:

selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low path of each of the backlight lamps in response to the inverter ON/OFF signal; and

connecting the low path of each of the backlight lamps to the ground voltage source in response to an output signal of the <u>a</u> first driver.

Claim 20 (Previously Presented): The method according to claim 19, wherein the step of selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage includes:

switching a first switch in response to the inverter ON/OFF signal; and supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low path of each of the backlight lamps in response to a state of the first switch.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 20, wherein the step of connecting the low path includes connecting the low path of the each of the backlight lamps to the ground voltage source in response to an output signal of the a second switch.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 18, wherein the step of receiving a voltage input includes:

selectively supplying the inverter drive voltage to the low path of the each of the backlight lamps in response to the shutdown ON/OFF signal;

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providing one of an enabling and disabling shutdown function for monitoring for

the presence or absence of a malfunction of the one of the backlight lamps in response to

an output signal of the second driver; and

monitoring for the presence or absence of a malfunction of the one of the

backlight lamps when the shutdown function is enabled by the a second switching part.

Claim 23 (Original): The method according to claim 22, wherein the step of selectively

supplying the inverter drive voltage includes:

switching a third switch in response to the shutdown ON/OFF signal; and

supplying the inverter drive voltage to the second switching part in response to a

state of the third switch.

Claim 24 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 23, wherein the step of

providing one of an enabling and disabling shutdown function includes connecting the

low path of each of the backlight lamps to the ground voltage source in response to an

output signal of the a fourth switch.